

**MIDDLE ST. CROIX
WATERSHED MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION**

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

**MIDDLE ST. CROIX WATERSHED MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION
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FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022**

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**MIDDLE ST. CROIX WATERSHED MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION
ORGANIZATION
DECEMBER 31, 2022**

<u>TITLE</u>	<u>NAME</u>	<u>CITY OR TOWNSHIP</u>
Chair	Brian Zeller	Lakeland Shores
Vice-Chair	Tom McCarthy	Lake St. Croix Beach
Treasurer	Dan Kylo	West Lakeland Township
Secretary	Annie Perkins	Afton

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Managers
Middle St. Croix Watershed Management Organization
Oakdale, Minnesota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the general fund of Middle St. Croix Watershed Management Organization, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the general fund of Middle St. Croix Watershed Management Organization, as of December 31, 2022, and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Middle St. Croix Watershed Management Organization and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Middle St. Croix Watershed Management Organization's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Middle St. Croix Watershed Management Organization's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Middle St. Croix Watershed Management Organization's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Middle St. Croix Watershed Management Organization's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Although not a part of the basic financial statements, such missing information, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Middle St. Croix Watershed Management Organization's basic financial statements. The introductory section is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 30, 2023 on our consideration of Middle St. Croix Watershed Management Organization's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Middle St. Croix Watershed Management Organization's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Peterson Company Ltd

Peterson Company Ltd
Waconia, Minnesota

May 30, 2023

**MIDDLE ST. CROIX WATERSHED MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
DECEMBER 31, 2022**

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Cash	\$ 234,274
Due from other governments	99,275
Total Assets	333,549
 Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	18,449
Unearned revenue	21,055
Total Liabilities	39,504
 Net Position:	
Unrestricted	294,045
Total Net Position	\$ 294,045

See accompanying notes to the financial statements and Independent Auditor's Report.

**MIDDLE ST. CROIX WATERSHED MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022**

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Net Position
		Charges For Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities:					
General government	\$ 136,901	\$ -	\$ 6,807	\$ -	\$ (130,094)
Programs	254,953	-	245,775	-	(9,178)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 391,854	\$ -	\$ 252,582	\$ -	(139,272)
General Revenues:					
General property taxes					135,841
Unrestricted interest earnings					775
Other					11,830
Total General Revenues					148,446
Change in Net Position					9,174
Net Position - January 1					284,871
Net Position - December 31					\$ 294,045

See accompanying notes to the financial statements and Independent Auditor's Report.

**MIDDLE ST. CROIX WATERSHED MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUND
DECEMBER 31, 2022**

	<u>General Fund</u>
Assets	
Cash	\$ 234,274
Due from other governments	99,275
Total Assets	<u>\$ 333,549</u>
 Liabilities and Fund Balance	
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 18,449
Unearned revenues	21,055
Total Liabilities	<u>39,504</u>
 Fund Balance	
Unassigned	294,045
Total Fund Balance	<u>294,045</u>
 Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	<u>\$ 333,549</u>
 Total Fund Balance	<u>\$ 294,045</u>
 Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 294,045</u>

See accompanying notes to the financial statements and Independent Auditor's Report.

**MIDDLE ST. CROIX WATERSHED MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
GOVERNMENTAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022**

	<u>Total General Fund</u>
Revenues	
Intergovernmental	\$ 252,582
General property taxes	135,841
Interest income	775
Other	<u>11,830</u>
Total Revenues	<u>401,028</u>
Expenditures	
Current:	
General government:	
Contracted personnel services	130,757
Insurance	2,764
Professional fees	3,355
Office expenses	25
Programs:	
Local	4,298
State	<u>250,655</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>391,854</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	9,174
Fund Balance - January 1	<u>284,871</u>
Fund Balance - December 31	<u>\$ 294,045</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Fund	<u>\$ 9,174</u>
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 9,174</u>

See accompanying notes to the financial statements and Independent Auditor's Report.

**MIDDLE ST. CROIX WATERSHED MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2022**

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Middle St. Croix Watershed Management Organization (the WMO) was established by a Joint Powers Agreement in 1984, between the cities and townships of Afton, St. Mary's Point, Lake St. Croix Beach, Lakeland Shores, Lakeland, Bayport, Oak Park Heights, Stillwater, West Lakeland Township, and Baytown Township, Minnesota. The WMO was formed to meet the requirements of the Metropolitan Surface Water Management Act under the provisions of Minnesota Statutes 103B.211 and 471-59.

The purpose of the Watershed Management Plan is to:

- Protect, preserve, and use natural surface and groundwater storage and retention systems.
- Minimize public capital expenditures needed to correct flooding and water quality problems.
- Identify and plan for the means to effectively protect and improve surface and groundwater quality.
- Establish more uniform local policies and official controls for surface and groundwater management.
- Prevent erosion of soil into surface water systems.
- Promote groundwater recharge.
- Protect and enhance fish and wildlife habitats and water recreational facilities.
- Secure the other benefits associated with the proper management of surface and groundwater.

The WMO submitted its Watershed Management Plan to the Minnesota Board of Water and Soil Resources in 1984. Each municipality within the WMO has developed, or is in the process of developing, a specific local water management plan to accomplish the various watershed management objectives of the WMO. The work plan includes guidelines for employees and technicians to follow in order to achieve the Organization's objections.

The WMO is governed by a ten-member Board of Managers. The Board consists of ten representatives appointed by each of the member municipalities.

The financial statements of the WMO have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as applied to government units by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The WMO's accounting policies are described below:

Financial Reporting Entity

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the financial reporting entity include the primary government and component units for which the primary government is financially accountable. Under these principles the WMO does not have any component units.

**MIDDLE ST. CROIX WATERSHED MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2022**

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Government-Wide Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide fund financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the WMO. The governmental activities are supported by member contributions and intergovernmental revenues.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general government revenues.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the WMO considers all revenues, except reimbursement grants, to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Reimbursement grants are considered available if they are collected within one year of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

Intergovernmental revenues and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the WMO.

The WMO reports one major governmental fund. The General Fund (Administrative Fund) is the general operating fund of the WMO. It is used to account for financial resources to be used for general administrative expenditures and programs of the WMO.

**MIDDLE ST. CROIX WATERSHED MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2022**

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Cash

Cash is stated at fair value, except for non-negotiable Certificates of Deposit, which are on a cost basis and short-term money market investments, which are stated at amortized cost.

Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments are recorded for state grant amounts that were received after year-end and all eligibility requirements had been met.

Unearned Revenue

Governmental funds and government-wide financial statements report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) requires management to make estimates that affect amounts reported in the financial statements during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from such estimates.

Budgets

Budgets are adopted annually by the Board of Managers. During the budget year, supplemental appropriations and deletions are, or may be, authorized by the Board. The amounts shown in the financial statements as "Budget" represent the original budgeted amounts plus all revisions made during the year and/or for the year. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed by the WMO.

The WMO monitors budget performance on the fund basis. All amounts over budget have been approved by the Board through the disbursement approval procedures.

At December 31, 2022, the WMO's actual expenditures exceeded final budget by \$255,256.

**MIDDLE ST. CROIX WATERSHED MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2022**

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Property Tax Revenue Recognition

The Board of Managers annually adopts a tax levy and certifies it to the County in September (levy/assessment date) of each year for collection in the following year. The County is responsible for billing and collecting all property taxes for itself, the WMO, the local School District and other taxing authorities. Such taxes become a lien on January 1 and are recorded as receivables by the WMO at that date. Real property taxes are payable (by property owners) on May 15 and October 15 of each calendar year. Personal property taxes are payable by taxpayers on February 28 and June 30 of each year. These taxes are collected by the County and remitted to the WMO on or before July 7 and December 2 of the same year. The WMO has no ability to enforce payments of property taxes by property owners. The County possesses this authority.

Government-wide Financial Statements: The WMO recognizes property tax revenue in the period for which taxes were levied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: The WMO recognizes property tax revenue when it becomes both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. In practice, current and delinquent taxes and State credits received by the WMO in July, December, and January are recognized as revenue for the current year. Taxes collected by the County by December 31 (remitted to the WMO the following January) and taxes and credits not received at year end are classified as delinquent and due from County taxes receivable. The portion of delinquent taxes not collected by the WMO in January is fully offset by unavailable revenue because they are not available to finance current expenditures.

Classification of Net Position

Net position in the government-wide financial statements is classified in the following categories:

Unrestricted net position – The amount of net position that does not meet the definition of restricted or investment in capital assets.

Fund Balance Classifications

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications that disclose constraints for which amounts in those funds can be spent. These classifications are as follows:

Non-spendable – Consists of amounts that are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items.

Restricted – Consists of amounts related to externally imposed constraints established by creditors, grantors or contributors; or constraints imposed by state statutory provisions.

**MIDDLE ST. CROIX WATERSHED MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2022**

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Balance Classifications (Continued)

Committed – Consists of internally imposed constraints. These constraints are established by resolution of the WMO Board.

Assigned – Consists of internally imposed constraints. These constraints reflect the specific purpose for which it is the WMO's intended use. These constraints are established by the WMO Board and/or management.

Unassigned – Is the residual classification for the general fund.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Board's policy to first use restricted resources, and then use unrestricted resources as they are needed.

When committed, assigned or unassigned resources are available for use, it is the Board's policy to use resources in the following order: 1) committed 2) assigned and 3) unassigned.

Change in Accounting Principle

Effective January 1, 2022, the WMO adopted GASB 87, Leases. The new standard establishes a right of use (ROU) model that requires a lessee to record a ROU asset and a lease liability on the balance sheet for all leases with terms longer than 12 months. The WMO has no leases, therefore, their financial statement presentation was not changed.

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments

Deposits

In accordance with Minnesota Statutes, the WMO maintains deposits at depository banks authorized by the Board, all of which are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Minnesota Statutes require that all WMO deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds.

Minnesota Statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping by the WMO Treasurer or in a financial institution other than that furnishing the collateral. Authorized collateral includes the following:

- a) United States government treasury bills, treasury notes and treasury bonds;
- b) Issues of United States government agencies and instrumentalities as quoted by a recognized industry quotation service available to the government entity;

**MIDDLE ST. CROIX WATERSHED MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2022**

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Deposits (Continued)

- c) General obligation securities of any state or local government with taxing powers which is rated "A" or better by a national bond rating service, or revenue obligation securities of any state or local government with taxing powers which is rated "AA" or better by a national bond rating service;
- d) General obligation securities of a local government with taxing powers may be pledged as collateral against funds deposited by that same local government entity;
- e) Irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by Federal Home Loan Banks to a municipality accompanied by written evidence that the bank's public debt is rated "AA" or better by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. or Standard & Poor's Corporation; and
- f) Time deposits that are fully insured by any federal agency.

At December 31, 2022, the carrying amount of the WMO's deposits were \$234,213 and the bank balance was \$234,564.

Custodial Credit Risk Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the WMO's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require that insurance, surety bonds or collateral protect all WMO deposits. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110% of deposits not covered by insurance or bonds. The WMO has no additional deposit policies addressing custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2022, the WMO's deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Note 3 - Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue represents unearned advances from the Minnesota Board of Water and Soil Resources (BWSR) for clean water funds. Revenues will be recognized when the related program expenditures are recorded. Unearned revenue for the year ending December 31, 2022 consisted of a Clear Water Fund Lake St Croix South Phase II grant for \$21,055.

Note 4 - Grants

The WMO receives financial assistance from governmental agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the applicable fund. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the WMO at December 31, 2022.

**MIDDLE ST. CROIX WATERSHED MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2022**

Note 5 - Risk Management

The WMO is exposed to various risks of loss for which the WMO carries commercial insurance policies.

There were no reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year or settlements in excess of insurance coverage for any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 6 - Commitments and Contingencies

The WMO is not aware of any existing or pending lawsuits, claims or other actions in which the WMO is a defendant.

Note 7 - Subsequent Events

The WMO has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through May 30, 2023, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

**MIDDLE ST. CROIX WATERSHED MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 252,582	\$ 252,582
General property taxes	142,348	142,348	135,841	(6,507)
Interest income	-	-	775	775
Other	-	-	11,830	11,830
Total Revenues	<u>142,348</u>	<u>142,348</u>	<u>401,028</u>	<u>258,680</u>
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government:				
Contracted personnel services	32,340	32,340	130,757	(98,417)
Insurance	2,600	2,600	2,764	(164)
Office expenses	1,250	1,250	25	1,225
Professional fees	4,650	4,650	3,355	1,295
Programs:				
Local	47,768	47,768	4,298	43,470
State	47,990	47,990	250,655	(202,665)
Total Expenditures	<u>136,598</u>	<u>136,598</u>	<u>391,854</u>	<u>(255,256)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$ 5,750</u>	<u>\$ 5,750</u>	\$ 9,174	<u>\$ 3,424</u>
Fund Balance - January 1			<u>284,871</u>	
Fund Balance - December 31			<u>\$ 294,045</u>	

See accompanying notes to the financial statements and Independent Auditor's Report.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED
IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

To the Board of Managers
Middle St. Croix Watershed Management Organization
Oakdale, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the general fund of Middle St. Croix Watershed Management Organization as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Middle St. Croix Watershed Management Organization's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 30, 2023.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Middle St. Croix Watershed Management Organization's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Middle St. Croix Watershed Management Organization's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Middle St. Croix Watershed Management Organization's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control over financial reporting exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting, described in the accompanying Schedule of Finding and Responses as item 2022-001 and 2022-002., that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Middle St. Croix Watershed Management Organization's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Middle St. Croix Watershed Management Organization's Responses to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Middle St. Croix Watershed Management Organization's responses to the internal control findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The Middle St. Croix Watershed Management Organization's responses were not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control over financial reporting and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Peterson Company Ltd

Peterson Company Ltd
Waconia, Minnesota

May 30, 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

To the Board of Managers
Middle St. Croix Watershed Management Organization
Oakdale, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the general fund of Middle St. Croix Watershed Management Organization, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Middle St. Croix Watershed Management Organization's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 30, 2023.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the Middle St. Croix Watershed Management Organization failed to comply with the provisions of the contracting – bid laws, depositories of public funds and public investments, conflicts of interest, claims and disbursements, miscellaneous provisions, and tax increment financing sections of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Other Political Subdivisions*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. 6.65, insofar as they relate to accounting matters. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the Middle St. Croix Watershed Management Organization's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Peterson Company Ltd

Peterson Company Ltd
Waconia, Minnesota

May 30, 2023

**MIDDLE ST. CROIX WATERSHED MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION
SCHEDULE OF FINDING AND RESPONSES
DECEMBER 31, 2022**

2022-001: Segregation of Duties

Criteria: Generally, a system of internal control contemplates separation of duties such that no individual has responsibility to execute a transaction, have physical access to the related assets, and have responsibility or authority to record the transaction.

Condition and Context: Substantially all accounting procedures are performed by one person.

Prior Year Finding: Yes, 2021-001.

Cause: This condition is common to organizations of this size due to the limited number of staff.

Effect: The lack of an ideal segregation of duties subjects the WMO to a higher risk that errors or fraud could occur and not be detected in a timely manner.

Recommendation: Any modification of internal controls in this area must be viewed from a cost/benefit perspective.

Management Response: The WMO has adequate policies and procedures in place to compensate for the lack of segregation of duties, including having all disbursements approved by the Board of Managers.

**MIDDLE ST. CROIX WATERSHED MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION
SCHEDULE OF FINDING AND RESPONSES (CONTINUED)
DECEMBER 31, 2022**

2022-002: Financial Statement Presentation

Criteria: The WMO's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls, including monitoring, and for the fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Condition and Context: As part of the audit, management requested us to prepare a draft of the financial statements, including the related notes to the financial statements. Management has accepted responsibility for the financial statements and reviewed them.

Cause: The WMO has a limited number of personnel with financial reporting experience.

Effect: The design of the controls over the financial reporting process would affect the ability of the WMO to report its financial data consistently with the assertions of the management in the financial statements.

Recommendation: We recommend that the WMO be aware of the requirements for fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles. Should the WMO elect, based upon an analysis of costs and benefits, to establish the full oversight of the financial statement preparation of an appropriate level, we suggest management establish effective review policies and procedures including but not limited to the following: reconciling general ledger amounts to the draft financial statements; review of all supporting documentation and explanations for journal entries proposed by us; complete the disclosure checklist; review and approval of schedules and calculations supporting the amounts included in the notes to the financial statements; apply analytic procedures to the draft financial statements; and perform other procedures considered necessary by management.

Management Response: The WMO understands that this is required communications for the preparation of the financial statements.